## 1990 World Wide

# **Developers Conference**



# NuBus Development Strategies

NuBus Interface Solutions

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# Agenda

- NuBus Milestones
- NuBus Interfaces
- TI NuBus Products
- Specific vs. General Solutions
- Documentation/Availability/Pricing
- The Future of NuBus

### **NuBus Milestones**

- 1979 NuBus developed at MIT
- 1983 Texas Instruments acquires NuBus
- 1985 NuBus based Explorer Workstation
- 1987 NuBus based Macintosh II
- 1988 General purpose Chipset
- 1990 IEEE Revision Committee

## **NuBus Interfaces**

### • Simple Slave

- Responds to Read/Write Transactions

#### Master

- Initiates Transactions, Reading/Writing to a Slave
- Requires Arbitration Logic to Acquire Bus

### • Master/Slave

- Initiate & Respond to Transactions
- Requires Slave & Master Logic

# General Purpose Chipset

### ACT2440/BCT2420/ALS2442

- Support Macintosh II NuBus
- Flexible Master and/or Slave
- Cost Effective

### **Device Features**

- Three Chip Solution
  - ACT2440 NuBus Controller
  - BCT2420 NuBus Transceiver (2 required)
- Address / Data Path Separate from Controller
  - Allows PAL-based controller for slave applications
- Packaged in 68 Pin PLCCs

### **ACT2440**

#### NuBus Controller

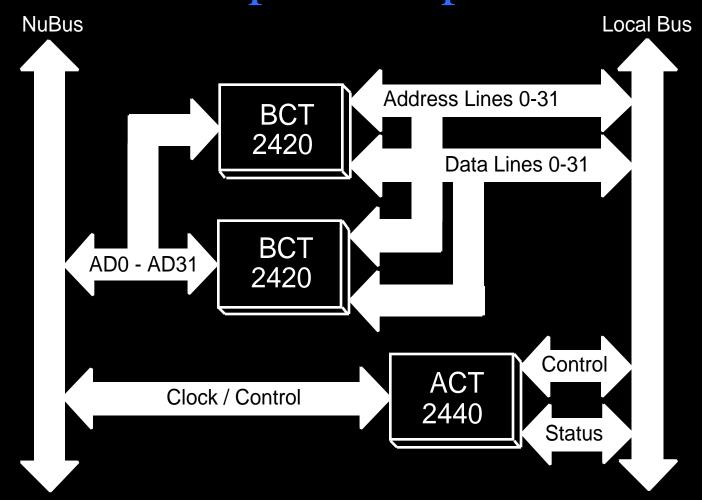
- Master, Slave, and Master / Slave Applications
- Direct NuBus Interface without external buffers
- Resource Locking
- Block Transfers with addition of ALS2442

## **BCT2420**

#### NuBus Transceiver

- Three 16-bit I/O Ports
- On-chip comparator for slot identification
- BiCmos design for 24 ma drive/low power dissipation

# General Purpose Chipset



### **Macintosh Coprocessor Platform Chipset**

#### ACT2441/BCT2425

- Integrated Solution
- Reduced Board Space
- Lower Power Consumption
- 100 Pin Quad Flat Packages

## **ACT2441**

### MCP Controller

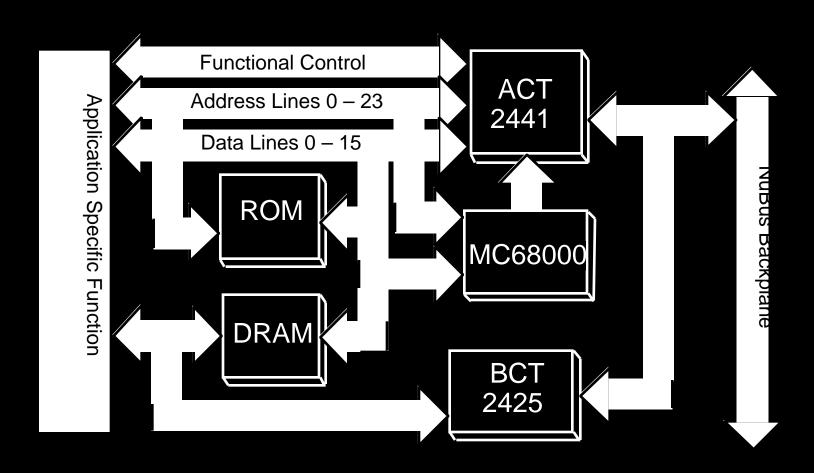
- Interface to NuBus, DRAM, and MC68000
- Supplies DRAM Refresh
- Interface to Application Specific Processor

# **BCT2425**

#### MCP Data Path Transceiver

- Interface to ACT2441
- Includes Memory Drivers
- BiCmos design for 24 ma drive/low power dissipation

# MCP Chipset



# Discrete vs. Integrated Solution

Feature	Integrated	Discrete
Chip Count	2 100-PIN QFPs	24 Devices
Board Area	1.62 sq. inches	SM 4.12 sq. inches DIP 6.87 sq. inches
Power	.38 Watts	7.37 Watts

# Specific vs. General Solution

- MCP Benefits
  - A/ROSE Software
  - MC 68000 Integration
- General Purpose Chipset Benefits
  - Processor Independence
  - Higher Transfer Performance Potential
  - Configurable to Application

# Availability & Pricing

Pricing

1000 Unit Volumes

Databook & Samples Available

ACT2440	\$15.15
BCT2420	\$6.50
ALS2442	\$4.90
ACT2441	\$27.00
BCT2425	\$16.20

# **Solution Cost**

NuBus Interface	Unit Cost
Slave Only (2 x BCT2420's)	\$13.00*
Master/Slave (ACT2440 + 2 x BCT2420)	\$28.15
MCP (ACT2441, BCT2425)	\$43.20

<sup>\*</sup> Requires PAL Controller

## **NuBus Futures**

- IEEE Committee (P1196-R)
- Enhanced Burst Mode Feature
  - 71 Mbytes/sec
- Other Issues
  - Cached Coherency Protocol
  - Standby Power
  - Support for P1394 Serial Bus

# For Information, Contact:

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# NuBus Development Strategies

A/ROSE<sup>TM</sup> Software Development

**David Comstock** 

Senior Software Engineer

Apple Computer, Inc

## A Brief History of A/ROSE<sup>TM</sup>

- Originally called MR-DOS
- Developed for Internal Projects / Developers
- First Official Release Summer 1989
- Available from APDA

### Macintosh Coprocessor Platform<sup>TM</sup>

- Motorola 68000 10 MHz
- 512K 1MB RAM
- 4 MB Address Space
- 35 Sq. Inches of Prototyping Area

# **Main Components of A/ROSE**

#### • A/ROSE

- Operating System for NuBus Cards
- 680xx Processor
- NuBus Master
- A/ROSE Prep Driver
  - Motherboard Driver
  - Provides A/ROSE Services to Macintosh O/S

# **Key A/ROSE Features**

- Task Scheduling
- Memory Management
- Inter-process Communication
- Naming Services

# A/ROSE Specifications

- 256 Tasks per Card
- 32 Priority Levels
- 512 Message Buffers/Card (Default)

# A/ROSE Memory Usage

- Full Configuration
  - 23K + Buffers
- Minimal Configuration
  - 6K + Buffers
- Buffers
  - 48K (Default)

### A/ROSE Performance

- 110 µsec Context Switch Time
- 20 µsec Interrupt Latency
- > 1,000 Messages per Second (Inter-card)
- > 3,400 Messages per Second (Intra-card)
- > 1,400 Messages per Second (Mac Card)

# Why use A/ROSE?

- Flexibility
  - Real Time / Multi-tasking
  - High Performance / Small Size
  - Dynamically Downloaded Tasks
- Reduced Time to Market
  - Low-Level NuBus Interface Provided

# **Apple's Commitment**

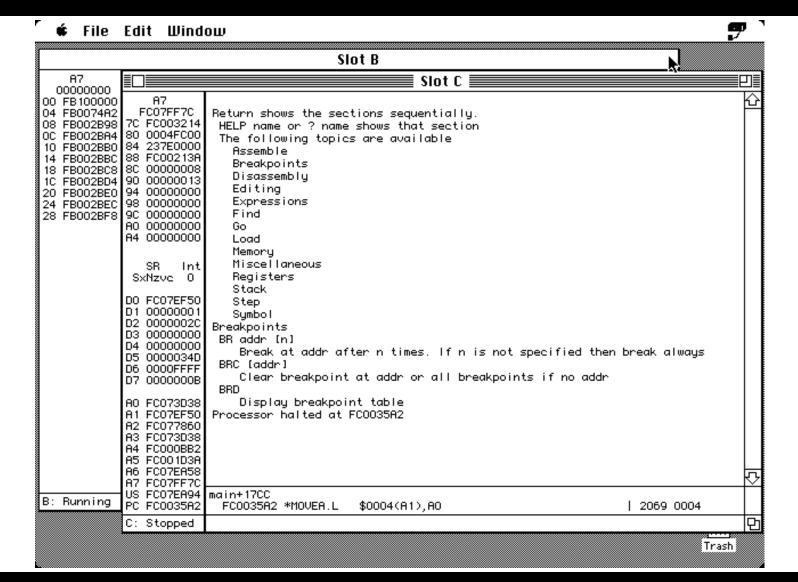
- Existing and Future NuBus Cards / Software
- Compatibility
  - New Macintoshes / System Software
- Other Developments

# **Utilities**

- Dumping
- Tracing
- Downloading
- Displaying messages
- Debugger

# NuBug

- Debugger for NuBus Cards
- Looks and Acts like MacsBug
- A Resizable Window for Each Card Running A/ROSE
- MultiFinder Friendly



## **Documentation**

- Full Manual
- Source Code Examples
- Schematics for MCP Prototyping Card

# Developer Technical Support

• AppleLink: MACDTS

# Distribution / Pricing

- Available from APDA
- Macintosh Coprocessor Platform Kit
  - Prototyping Card, Software, Documentation
  - M0793LL/A \$500
- MCP Documentation
  - M0301LL/B \$65

## A/ROSE Limitations

- Provides Basic Services
  - Memory Mangement, but No Memory Protection
- Not Optimized for Specific Applications
  - No Burst Mode Support
- No Support for Bus Slave Cards

## A/ROSE Futures

- A/UX 2.0 Support
- Portable C Version
- PPC Interface
- 68030 NuBus Card Support

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